PLOT NO. D1, SURVEY NO. 408/1, IT PARK HILL NO. 2 RUSHIKONDA, VISAKHAPATNAM- 530003

INCOME TAX FILINGS AND AUDIT REPORT FOR THE ASSESSMENT YEAR: 2024-25

AUDITORS

M/S.KRISHNA REDDY & CO.,

6-3-634, GREEN CHANNEL APTS., KHAIRATHABAD, HYDERABAD-4 PHONES: 040-65590260, 9848426584 **NAME**

: M/S.APTLORE TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED

ADDRESS

Plot No. D1, Survey No. 408/1, IT Park, Hill No. 2, Rushikonda

Visakhapatnam, Andhra Pradesh 530003

STATUS

: DOMESTIC COMPANY(13.10.2015)

PAN

AANCA9914H

ASST.YEAR

2024-25

:

PRE.YEAR ENDED

3/31/2024

STATEMEN	IT OF ASSESSABLE INCOM	1E	
INCOME FROM BUSINESS:		,	
THE ONLE I ROM DUSTIVESS.			*
Net profit as per Profit & Loss Account			33,55,189
Interest on Income Tax debited to P&L	Account		39,240
Add: Depreciation Considered seperate	ly		-
_		-	33,94,429
Less: Depreciation as per Income Tax R	tules		4,258
NET TAXABI	E INCOME	-	33,90,171
COMPUTATION OF BOOK PROFIT U/S 11	5.IR OF LT ACT	•	
0.000	COD OT I.I.ACI.		
Book profit as per Profit & Loss account			33,55,189
Add : Additions			NIL
		_	33,55,189
Less: Deductions		_	NIL
BOOK PROFI	T U/S 115 JB	-	33,55,189
Tax Due as Nor	mal Provisions		7,45,838
Tax Due as per	115JB	_	6,20,710
Higher of the al	oove (Tax as Per Normal		
Provisions)			7,45,838
Add: Surcharge			74,584
		_	8,20,422
Add: Education	Cess		32,817
		_	8,53,239
Less:Prepaid Ta			
Advance T		7,89,978	
TDS and T	CS	61,520	8,51,498
Interest U/s.234	P		1,741
Interest U/s.234		1 400	1 400
	ble including interest	1,400	1,400 3,141
Tomi ian paya	wie meiuumg mierest	=	3,141

APTLORE TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED PROFIT & LOSS STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2024

	Notes	For the year	ear ended
	Notes	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
I. Revenue From Operations	1.4	00.00.670	
II. Other income	14	89,80,672	98,99,235
n. Other meome	15	1,04,91,401	9,15,406
TOTAL(I + II)		1,94,72,073	1,08,14,641
IV:EXPENDITURE			
Employee Benefit Expenses	16	1,56,31,900	72.90.652
Financial Costs	10	1,30,31,900	73,89,652
Depreciation and Amortisation expenditure	9	-	1,99,448
Other Expenses	17	4 94 002	7.75.774
	17	4,84,983	7,75,771
TOTAL		1 (1 1 ())	
		1,61,16,883	83,64,871
Profit/(Loss) during the Year (A-B)		33,55,189	24,49,770
Гах Expense:			
Current Tax		8,53,239	6,29,946
ncome Tax of Earlier Years		31,791	51,821
Deferred Tax		1,072	1,786
Net Profit after Provision for Taxation		24,69,087	17,66,217
Profit /(loss) of Previous years		22.27.22.	
Profit C/fd to Balance Sheet		32,27,391	14,61,174
Total of the to Bullinee Sheet		56,96,478	32,27,391
Earning/(loss) per equity share (EPES):			
Basic	18	246.91	176.62
Piluted	18	246.91	176.62

Summary of significant accounting policies

2

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date For Krishna Reddy & Co.,

Chartered Accountants EDD

FRN: 005388S

R. Sreenivasulu

Partner

Place: Hyderabad Date: 01-08-2024

UDIN:24210611BKGDOY3679

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of APTLORE Technologies Private Limited.,

Anil Reddy Yerramreddy

Director

DIN: 02309602

▼Varalakshmi Yallanti

Director

DIN: 07753817

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31.03.2024

Notes 31 March 2023 31 March 2023 31 March 2023	DALANCE SHEE		As	at
(1) Shareholder's Funds		Notes	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
(a) Share Capital (b) Reserves and Surplus 4 74,39,413 49,70,326 75,39,413 50,70,326 (3) Non-Current Liabilities (a) Long term borrowings (b) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)				
(b) Reserves and Surplus 4 74,39,413 49,70,326 75,39,413 50,70,326 (3) Non-Current Liabilities (a) Long term borrowings (b) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)				
(3) Non-Current Liabilities (a) Long term borrowings (b) Deferred tax liabilities (Net) (4) Current Liabilities (a) Short-term borrowings (b) Trade Payables Dues to micro and small enterprises Dues to other than micro and small enterprises (c) Other current liabilities (d) Short-term provisions (e) Other current sasets (a) Fixed assests (ii) Tangible assets (ii) Tangible assets (ii) Tangible assets (ii) Intangible assets (iii) Intangible assets (iv) Deferred tax assets (net) (d) Long-term loans and advances: (2) Current assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets (1) Tagis and advances (1) Tagis and advances (2) Current assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets (1) Tagis and advances (2) Current assets (a) Current Investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets (1) Tagis and advances (1) Tagis and advances (2) Current assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets (1) Tagis and the terprises (2) Tagis and the terprises (3) Tagis and the terprises (4) Tagis and the terprises (5) Tagis and the terprises (6) Tagis and the terprises (7) 1,47,400 (3) 2,92,93,68 (1,11,95,258 (1,10,1,1,10,10) (2) 2,93,05,032 (3) 3,1,66,091 (2) 2,93,05,032 (3,91,66,091 (3,1,1,1,95,258 (4) Tagis and the terprises (5) Tagis and the terprises (6) Tagis and the terprises (7) 1,47,400 (8) 5,90 (9) 5,133 (1,10,71,612 (1,48,13,570 (1,35,41,345 (1,35,41,345 (1,48,13,570 (1,48,13,570 (1,48,13,570 (3	1,00,000	1,00,000
(3) Non-Current Liabilities	(b) Reserves and Surplus	4	74,39,413	49,70,326
(3) Non-Current Liabilities				
(a) Long term borrowings (b) Deferred tax liabilities (Net) (4) Current Liabilities (a) Short-term borrowings (b) Trade Payables Dues to micro and small enterprises Dues to other than micro and small enterprises (c) Other current liabilities (d) Short-term provisions TOTAL: I II ASSESTS (1) Non-current assests (a) Fixed assests (i) Intangible assets (i) Intangible assets (c) Deferred tax assets (net) (d) Long-term loans and advances: (2) Current assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Other Current Assets (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets (f) Other Current Assets (h) Trade receivables (h) Trade receivables (h) Other Current Assets (h) Other Current Assets (h) Other Current Assets (h) Trade receivables (h) Trade receiva			75,39,413	50,70,326
(a) Current Liabilities (Net) - - - -				
(4) Current Liabilities (a) Short-term borrowings (b) Trade Payables Dues to micro and small enterprises Dues to other than micro and small enterprises (c) Other current liabilities (d) Short-term provisions TOTAL: I I ASSESTS (1) Non-current assests (a) Fixed assests (ii) Intangible assets (c) Deferred tax assets (net) (d) Long-term loans and advances: (2) Current assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets (a) Other Current Assets (b) Other Current Assets (c) Other Current Assets (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets (f) Tagible assets (f) Tagible assets (g) Tagible			-	
(a) Short-term borrowings (b) Trade Payables Dues to micro and small enterprises Dues to other than micro and small enterprises (c) Other current liabilities (d) Short-term provisions TOTAL: I II ASSESTS (1) Non-current assests (a) Fixed assests (i) Tangible assets (ii) Intangible assets (c) Deferred tax assets (net) (d) Long-term loans and advances: (2) Current assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets (f) Other Current Assets (g) TOTAL: I II ASSESTS (ii) Intangible assets (iii) Intangible assets (iiii) Intangible assets (iii) Intangible assets (iii) Intangible asse	(b) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	1.	-	-
(a) Short-term borrowings (b) Trade Payables Dues to micro and small enterprises Dues to other than micro and small enterprises (c) Other current liabilities (d) Short-term provisions TOTAL: I II ASSESTS (1) Non-current assests (a) Fixed assests (i) Tangible assets (ii) Intangible assets (c) Deferred tax assets (net) (d) Long-term loans and advances: (2) Current assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets (f) Other Current Assets (g) TOTAL: I II ASSESTS (ii) Intangible assets (iii) Intangible assets (iiii) Intangible assets (iii) Intangible assets (iii) Intangible asse	40.6		-	-
(b) Trade Payables Dues to micro and small enterprises Dues to other than micro and small enterprises (c) Other current liabilities (d) Short-term provisions TOTAL: I I ASSESTS (i) Intangible assets (i) Tangible assets (ii) Intangible assets (ii) Intangible assets (iii) Intangible assets (iv) Deferred tax assets (net) (d) Long-term loans and advances: (2) Current assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances 10 A0,35,821 11 95,36,053 12 2,26,20,075 13 9,12,938 13,91,58,368				
Dues to micro and small enterprises Committee of the micro and saturation Committee of t		5	17,47,400	39,26,900
Dues to other than micro and small enterprises				
(c) Other current liabilities (d) Short-term provisions 8 8,53,239 6,29,946 2,17,65,619 3,40,95,765 TOTAL: I 1	Dues to micro and small enterprises		-	-
(d) Short-term provisions	Dues to other than micro and small enterprises	6	50,93,368	1,11,95,258
2,17,65,619 3,40,95,765	(c) Other current liabilities	7	1,40,71,612	1,83,43,661
2,17,65,619 3,40,95,765	(d) Short-term provisions	8	8,53,239	6,29,946
TOTAL : I ASSESTS 2,93,05,032 3,91,66,091 II ASSESTS (1) Non-current assests (a) Fixed assests (i) Tangible assets (i) Intangible assets (ii) Intangible assets (ii) Intangible assets (ii) Intangible assets (iii) Intangible				
ASSESTS			2,17,65,619	3,40,95,765
ASSESTS	TOTAL: I		2 02 05 022	2.01.77.001
(1) Non-current assests (a) Fixed assests (i) Tangible assets (ii) Intangible assets (iii) Intangible assets (ii) Intangible assets (iii) Intangible assets (iii) Intangible assets (iv) Figure 1 investments (iv) Deferred tax assets (net) (iv) Long-term loans and advances: (iv) Current assets (iv) Table 1 investments (iv) Long-term loans and advances: (iv) Current assets (iv) Table 2 investments (iv) Long-term loans and advances (iv) Long-term loans and advances: (iv) Table 2 investments (iv) Long-term loans and advances (iv) Long-term loans			2,93,05,032	3,91,66,091
(a) Fixed assests 9 5,133 5,133 (ii) Intangible assets 9 5,133 5,133 (b) Non-current investments 5,133 5,133 (c) Deferred tax assets (net) 1,518 2,590 (d) Long-term loans and advances: 1,518 2,590 (2) Current assets 1,518 2,590 (a) Current investments - - (b) Trade receivables 10 40,35,821 2,26,20,075 (c) Cash and cash equivalents 11 95,36,053 20,24,012 (d) Short-term loans and advances 12 1,48,13,570 1,35,41,345 (e) Other Current Assets 13 9,12,938 9,72,936				
(i) Tangible assets (ii) Intangible assets (ii) Intangible assets 9 5,133 5,133 (b) Non-current investments (c) Deferred tax assets (net) (d) Long-term loans and advances: (2) Current assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances 10 40,35,821 2,26,20,075 11 95,36,053 20,24,012 12 1,48,13,570 1,35,41,345 (e) Other Current Assets 13 9,12,938 9,72,936	155 - 53 - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C - C -			
(ii) Intangible assets (iii) Intangible assets (b) Non-current investments (c) Deferred tax assets (net) (d) Long-term loans and advances: (2) Current assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets (f) Other Current Assets (ii) Intangible assets 5,133 6,590 1,518 2,590 1,2590 1,		0	5 122	# 100
(b) Non-current investments (c) Deferred tax assets (net) (d) Long-term loans and advances: (2) Current assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets (f) Other Current Assets (g) Other Current Assets (h) Trade receivables (h) Trad			5,133	5,133
(b) Non-current investments (c) Deferred tax assets (net) (d) Long-term loans and advances: (2) Current assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets (f) Cash and cash equivalents (h) Trade receivables (h) 40,35,821	(ii) mangrote assets	9	- - 122	
(c) Deferred tax assets (net) (d) Long-term loans and advances: (2) Current assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets (e) Other Current Assets (f) Deferred tax assets (net) 1,518 2,590 1,518 2,590 1,518 2,590 1,518 2,590 1,518 2,590 1,518 2,590 1,518 2,590 1,518 2,590 1,518 2,590 1,518 2,590 1,518 2,590 1,518 2,590 1,518 2,590 1,518 1,518 2,590 1,518 1,518 2,590 1,518 1,518 2,590 1,518 1,518 2,590 1,518 1,518 2,590 1,518 1,518 2,590 1,518 1,518 2,590 1,518 1,518 2,590 1,518 1,518 2,590 1,518 1,518 2,590 1,518	(b) Non-current investments		5,133	5,133
(d) Long-term loans and advances: (2) Current assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets (a) Current assets 10 40,35,821 2,26,20,075 11 95,36,053 20,24,012 12 1,48,13,570 1,35,41,345 13 9,12,938 9,72,936			1.510	2 500
(2) Current assets 1,518 2,590 (a) Current investments 10 40,35,821 2,26,20,075 (b) Trade receivables 10 40,35,821 2,26,20,075 (c) Cash and cash equivalents 11 95,36,053 20,24,012 (d) Short-term loans and advances 12 1,48,13,570 1,35,41,345 (e) Other Current Assets 13 9,12,938 9,72,936	(d) Long-term loans and advances:		1,518	2,590
(2) Current assets (a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables 10 40,35,821 2,26,20,075 (c) Cash and eash equivalents 11 95,36,053 20,24,012 (d) Short-term loans and advances 12 1,48,13,570 1,35,41,345 (e) Other Current Assets 13 9,12,938 9,72,936	C) and davances.		1 510	2.500
(a) Current investments (b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets 10 40,35,821 2,26,20,075 11 95,36,053 20,24,012 12 1,48,13,570 1,35,41,345 13 9,12,938 9,72,936	(2) Current assets		1,518	2,590
(b) Trade receivables (c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets 10 40,35,821 95,36,053 20,24,012 11 12 1,48,13,570 1,35,41,345 13 9,12,938 9,72,936 2,92,98,381 3,91,58,368				
(c) Cash and cash equivalents (d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets 11 95,36,053 20,24,012 12 1,48,13,570 1,35,41,345 13 9,12,938 9,72,936 2,92,98,381 3,91,58,368		10	40 35 921	2 26 20 075
(d) Short-term loans and advances (e) Other Current Assets 12 1,48,13,570 1,35,41,345 13 9,12,938 9,72,936 2,92,98,381 3,91,58,368				
(e) Other Current Assets 13 9,12,938 9,72,936 2,92,98,381 3,91,58,368	(d) Short-term loans and advances			
2,92,98,381 3,91,58,368	(e) Other Current Assets		ALC: HINGS CONTROL OF THE	
TOTALI		13	9,12,938	9,72,936
TOTALI			2,92,98,381	3 91 59 369
	TOTAL:II		2,93,05,032	3,91,66,091

Summary of significant accounting policies

FRN: 005388S

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For Krishna Reddy & Co.

Chartered Accountants

R. Sreenivasulu

Partner

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 01-08-2024

UDIN:24210611BKGDOY3679

for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

APTLORE Technologies Private Limited.,

Anil Reddy Yerramreddy Director

DIN: 02309602

Varalakshmi Yallanti

Director DIM: 07753817

STATEMENT OF DEPRECIATION AND NET BLOCK FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31.03.2024

9 Tangible assets

					GROSS BLOCK	CK			W.D.V.			DEPRECIATION			The state of	
S	Description of Assat	40.00			F							TOTAL PROPERTY.			NET BLOCK	OCK
		TO SE			I otal As on			Total As on	Rate of	w/off upto	M/off	Total W/off	W/off	Total W/off	As on	Ason
		31.03.2021	Additions	Deletions	31.03.2022	Additions	Deletions	31.03.2023	% daQ	31.03.2021	current	upto	current	upto	23	31.03.2024
											year	31.03.2022	vear	31.03.2023		
-	Furniture & Fixtures	-	-		•						9					
2	Laptops	1,02,660		,	1.02.660			1 02 660	62 160	2000						
	H							00000001	03.1070	47,074	4,003	175516	2	97,527	5,133	5,133
	1 0tal 1 angible Asets	1,02,660	1		1,02,660		1	1,02,660		92,874	4,653	97,527		97.527	5.133	5 133
															20045	2016
Intang	9 Intangible assets															
4	SOFTWARE		-	1			6		63.16%	,		,				
			1													-
	Total Intangible Asets	•						1								
														c		
	TotalL Assets	1,02,660	j.		1,02,660			1,02,660		92,874	4.653	97.527	1	75279	5133	£ 133
											-			110011	001,0	0,133











STATEMENT OF DEPRECIATION AS PER INCOME TAX RULES FOR THE YEAR ENDED: 31-03-2024 M/S.APTLORE TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED

WDV as on	3/31/2024	6,386	,	1	6,386	
Depreciation		4,258	1	ı	4,258	
Rate of	Dep.%	40	40	10		
Total as on	3/31/2024	10,644		-	10,644	
Deletion in	the year	Ĭ		ı		
ADDITIONS	After 30 th Sep		E	-	1	
ADDIT	Before 30th Sep.	-	-	-	-	
WDV as on	01-04-2023	10,644	-	-	10,644	
Assets		Laptops	Software	Furniture & Fixtures	TOTAL	
S.No.		1	2	3		





APTLORE Technologies Private Limited NOTES TO BALANCE SHEET

		As	at
3 Share Canital.		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
3 Share Capital:			
Authorised Share Capital (1,0	0,000 Equity Shares		
of Rs.10/- each, March 31, 20	23: 1.00.000 Equity		
Shares of Rs.10/- each)	== · · ·, · · ·, · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
of Roll of Cacity		10,00,000	10,00,000
			, , , , , , ,
Issued, Subscribed & Paid up	:		
(10,000 Equity Shares of Rs.1	0/- each March 31 2022.		
10,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10	//!-\		
10,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10	n-each)	1,00,000	1,00,000
		1,00,000	1,00,000

Note:

During the period of five years immediately preceding the date as at which the Balance Sheet is prepared, the company has not

(i) allotted any fully paidup equity shares by way of bonus shares;

(ii) allotted any equity shares pursuant to any contract without payment being received in cash;

(iii) bought back any equity shares

a) Reconciliation of the Shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year

Equtiy Shares

	31 Mar	ch 2024	31 March	2023
At the beginning Cul	No	Amount	No	Amount
At the beginning of the year	10,000	1,00,000	10,000	1,00,00
Issued during the year	-	-	-	1,00,00
Outstanding at the end of the Year	10,000	1,00,000	10,000	1,00,000

b) Terms/right attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

Name of the shareholder	31 March 2024	31 March	2023
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	No. % holdi	ng No.	% holding
Anil Reddy YERRAMREDDY Siva Prasad Reddy Dega	2,500 25.00 75.00	2,300	25.00% 75.00%

		\s at
4 Reserves and Surplus	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Profit & Loss A/c:		
Opening Balance Add: Profit during the year	49,70,326 24,69,087	, - , 10.
	74,39,413	49,70,326

M. No.





	Current Liabilities		
		As	
-	Chart Arms D	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
5	Short-term Borrowings: Loan from related parties, unsecured	17,47,400	39,26,900
		17,47,400	39,26,900
		As	o.t
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
6	Trade Payables:	DI MARIEN MOM	51 March 2025
	Sundry Creditors Auditsee Payable	50,48,368 45,000	1,11,50,258 45,000
		50,93,368	1,11,95,258
		As 31 March 2024	31 March 2023
7	Other Current Liabilities:	31 Water 2024	31 Waren 2023
	Statutory dues	4,26,594	24,948
	Other Payables	1,36,45,018	1,83,18,713
		1,40,71,612	1,83,43,661
		As	
8	Short-term Provisions:	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
o	Provision for Income Tax	8,53,239	6,29,946
		8,53,239	6,29,946
		As	at
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023
10	Trade Receivables Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment		
	Other receivables, unsecured considered good	40,35,821	2,26,20,075
		40,35,821	2,26,20,075
	The amounts dues by: Directors Other officers of the company or any of them either severally or jointly with any	-	-
	other person Firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member	40,35,821	2,26,20,075





	As	at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
11 Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Balances with banks in current accounts	95,28,411	20,14,287
Cash in Hand	7,642	9,725
TOTAL	95,36,053	20,24,012
	21 Mayah 2024	
12 Short Term Loans and Advances	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Loans & advances to related parties, unsecured considered good Loans & advances to others, unsecured considered good	1,45,39,655	1,34,85,970
Loans to employees	2.10.540	-
Security Deposits, secured considered good	2,18,540	-1
beposits, secured considered good	55,375	55,375
TOTAL	1,48,13,570	1,35,41,345
	As	
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
13 Other Current Accets		
Cult the Projects		
Unbilled Revenue	-	2,27,127
Unbilled Revenue Advance Tax	- 7,89,978	2,27,127
Unbilled Revenue	7,89,978 1,22,960	







APTLORE Technologies Private Limited NOTES TO STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS

		ear ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
4 Revenue from Operations:		
Software services	92,07,799	1,90,49,996
Unbilled Revenue	(2,27,127)	(91,50,761
TOTAL	89,80,672	98,99,235
,		
	***************************************	ear ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
5 Other Income:		
Foreign Currency Exchange Fluctuation	46,455	5,97,655
Interest on Loans given	6,15,205	3,17,751
Write Back of Provisions	98,29,741	-
TOTAL	1,04,91,401	9,15,406
	For the v	year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
6 Employee Benefit Expenses:	or march month	51 Waten 2025
Salaries	1,56,31,900	69,07,066
Staff Welfare	-	2,56,952
Emp Travelling expenses	-	2,25,634
TOTAL	1,56,31,900	73,89,652
TOTAL		73,09,034
	For the	year ended
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
9 Depreciation and Amortisation Expenditure		
Depreciation	-	-





	For the ye	For the year ended		
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023		
7 Other Expenses:				
Payment to auditor (refer Note A)	50,000	50,000		
Office Expenses	98,752	1,28,792		
Oil & Fuel	59,863	1,11,906		
Rates and Taxes	500	12,300		
Printing & Stationery	65,815	1,30,188		
Vehicle & Maitinance	74,230	1,16,698		
Bank Charges	22,353	23,377		
Interest on Income Tax and TDS	39,240	60,291		
Office Maintenace	74,230	1,42,219		
TOTAL	4,84,983	7,75,77		

Note A - Payment to auditor

	For the ye	For the year ended		
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023		
As auditor:				
Audit fee	50,000	50,000		
Γax audit fee	-			
In other capacity:				
Other services	-			
nbursement of expenses	-			
	50,000	50,000		

		For the year ended		
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
18	Earnings per Share			
	Net Profit after Tax	24,69,087	17,66,217	
	Weighted average number of equity shares (Nos)	10,000	10,000	
	Nominal value per share	10	10	
	Earnings per Share	246.91	176.62	
	Diluted Earnings per Share	246.91	176.62	





Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (continued)

19 Contingent Liabilities not acknowledged as debt

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March 2024	31 March 2023
Contingent Liabilities	NIL	NIL

20 Capital commitments and contingent liabilities

(to the extent not provided for)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be		
executed on capital account and not provided	-	_
for (net of advances)		

21 CIF value of imports

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Capital goods	-	-

22 Expenditure in foreign currency

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Travel and tour expenses	_	-
Purchase of software	_	_

23 Earnings in foreign currency

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2023
Income from export of: Software Consultancy Services & IT related Services	2,78,25,757	1,46,06,785
Total	2,78,25,757	1,46,06,785

24 Dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise

The identification of micro, small and medium enterprise supplier as defined under the provisions of "Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006" is based on Management's knowledge of their status. There are no dues to micro, small and medium enterprises as on 31st March 2024.

Dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprise (continued)

	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	31 March 2024	31 March 2023



0)



Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (continued)

The principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end of each accounting year.	-	-
The amount of interest paid by the Company along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year.	-	-
The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act.	-	- 1
The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year.	-	-
The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise.	-	-

25 Balances of unsecured loans, creditors and loans & advances are subject to confirmation by the parties concerned.

26 Related Party Transactions

a) List of parties where control exists

Subsidiaries: NIL

b) Other related parties

MOURI Tech Private Limited - Common Directors
Prime Web Services Private Limited - Common Directors
Loukya Media Solutions Private Limited - Common Directors
MOURI Tech LLC - Common Shareholders

Anil Reddy Yerramreddy - Director Siva Prasad Reddy Dega - Director

SPSIN Infra Projects LLP - Relative of Director

Transactions with related parties

Name of the related party	Nature of Transaction	For the year ended 31 March 2024	For the year ended 31 March 2023
MOURI Tech Private Limited	Loan Repaid	20,00,000	-
MOURI Tech LLC	Sale of Services	89,80,672	98,99,235
Prime Web Services Private Limited	Loan given	-	45,00,000
Loukya Media Solutions Private Limited	Loan given	5,00,000	12,00,000
MOURI Tech Private Limited	Interest Expense	-	1,99,448
Prime Web Services Private Limited	Interest Income	4,50,000	2,57,533
Loukya Media Solutions Private Limited	Interest Income	1,65,205	60,218







Notes to Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (continued)

SPSIN Infra Projects LLP	Loan given	-	75,00,000

Balances receivable/(payable)

balances receivable/(payable)				
Name of the related party	Nature	As at	As at	
		31 March 2024	31 March 2023	
Anil Reddy Yerramreddy	Loan Payable	(17,47,400)	(17,47,400)	
MOURI Tech Private Limited	Loan Payable	-	(21,79,500)	
MOURI Tech LLC	Trade Receivables	40,35,821	2,26,20,074	
Prime Web Services Private	Loan Receivable	51,36,777	47,31,777	
Limited				
Loukya Media Solutions Private	Loan Receivable	19,02,878	12,54,193	
Limited		, ,		
Unbilled Revenue: MOURI Tech	Unbilled Revenue	-	2,27,127	
LLC	70 OF SECURIOR SECURI		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
SPSIN Infra Projects LLP	Loan Receivable	75,00,000	75,00,000	

27 Figures are rounded off to the nearest rupee.

FRN: 005388S M. No. 210611

As per our report of even date

For Krishna Reddy & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

R. Sreenivasulu

Partner

UDIN: 24210611BKGDOY3679

Place: Hyderabad Date: 01/08/2024 for and on behalf of the Board of Directors of APTLORE Technologies Private Limited.,

Anil Reddy Yerramreddy

Varalakshmi Yallanti

Director

DIN: 02309602

DIN: 07753817

Director

Krishna Reddy & Co., Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To
The Members of Aptlore Technoloies Private Limited

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Aptlore Technologies Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at March 31, 2024, and the Statement of Profit and Loss and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2024, its profit and cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards on auditing specified under section 143 (10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the code of ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the code of ethics.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Reporting of key audit matters as per SA 701, Key Audit Matters are not applicable to the Company as it is an unlisted company.

Management's responsibility for the financial statements

The Company's board of directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134 (5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the



Krishna Reddy & Co., Chartered Accountants

accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The board of directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design
 audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of
 the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on
 whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the
 operating effectiveness of such controls
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



Krishna Reddy & Co., Chartered Accountants

- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

The provisions of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company since

- (a) It is not a subsidiary or holding company of a public company;
- (b) Its paid-up capital and reserves and surplus are not more than Rs.1 Crores as at the balance sheet date;
- (c) Its total borrowings from banks and financial institutions are not more than Rs.1 Crores at any time during the year; and
- (d) Its turnover for the year is not more than Rs.10 Crores during the year.



Krishna Reddy & Co., Chartered Accountants

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- (c) The balance sheet, the statement of profit and loss, and the cash flow statement dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act, read with rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2024 taken on record by the board of directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- (f) Since the Company's turnover as per last audited financial statements is less than Rs.50 Crores and its borrowings from banks and financial institutions at any time during the year is less than Rs.25 Crores, the Company is exempted from getting an audit opinion with respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls vide notification dated June 13, 2017;
- (g) The Company being a private limited company, the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197 (16) of the Act, as amended, in respect of whether the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act is not applicable; and
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us;
 - a. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
 - b. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses; and
 - c. There are no amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company

For Krishna Reddy & Co

Chartered Accountants ED

Firm Registration No.05388S

FRN: 005388S

R. Sreenivasulu

Partner

Membership No. 210611

UDIN: 24210611BKGDOZ6951

Place: Hyderabad Date: 01/08/2024

FORM No. 3CA

(Vide rule 6G (1)(a) of Income-tax Rules, 1962)

AUDIT REPORT UNDER SECTIION 44AB OF THE INCOME-TAX ACT,1961, IN A CASE WHERE THE ACCOUNTS OF THE BUSINESS OR PROFESSION OF A PERSON HAVE BEEN AUDITED UNDER ANY OTHER LAW

We report that the statutory audit of

(Mention name and of the assessee with permanent account number)

M/S.APTLORE TECHNOLOGIES PRIVATE LIMITED PLOT NO. D1, SURVEY NO. 408/1, IT PARK, HILL NO. 2, RUSHIKONDA VISAKHAPATNAM, ANDHRA PRADESH 530003 Permanent Account Number: AANCA9914H

was conducted by us M/s KRISHNA REDDDY & Co, Chartered Accountants in pursuance of the provisions of the Income Tax Act and we annex here to a copy of along with a copy each of

- (a) the audited profit and loss account /income and expenditure account for the year ended on 31-03-2024.
- (b) the audited balance sheet as at 31st March,2024; and
- (c) documents declared by the said Act to be part of be part of, or annexed to, the profit and loss account
- 2. The statement of particulars required to be furnished under section 44AB is annexed here with in Form NO.3CD.
- 3. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to explanations given to us, the particulars given in the said Form No. 3CD are true and correct.

For KRISHNA REDDY & CO.. **Chartered Accountants** Firm Regn. No. 005388S

Place: Hyderabad

Date: 01.08.2024

Name: KRISHNA REDDY & Co.,

Address: 6-3-634, GREEN CHANNEL APTS,

KHAIRATHABAD, HYDERABAD,

PIN: 500004.

FORM NO: 3CD

(Vide Rule 6G(2) of Income Tax Rules, 1962

Statement of Particulars required to be furnished under section 44 AB of the Income tax Act,1961

PART A

1. Name of the assessee

: M/S.APTLORE TECHNOLOGIES

PRIVATE LIMITED

2. Address

: PLOT NO. D1, SURVEY NO. 408/1, IT PARK,

HILL NO. 2, RUSHIKONDA, VISAKHAPATNAM,

530003

3. Permanent Account Number

: AANCA9914H

4. Whether assessee liable to pay Indirect Tax? If yes then details of registration with such authorities

: Yes, Registered with GST Registration No: 37AANCA9914H1Z9

5. Status

: PVT COMPANY

6. Previous year ended

: 31ST MARCH, 2024

7. Assessment year

: 2024-25

8. Relevant Clause u/s 44AB under which audit has been conducted.

: U/s 44AB (a)

PART B

9. (a) If firm or association of persons, indicate names of partners/members and their profit-sharing ratios

NA

(b) If there is any change in the partners/members or their profit-sharing ratios since the last date of the preceding year the particulars of such Change.

NA

10 (a) Nature of business or profession

SOFTWARE DEVELOPERS

(b) If there is any change in the nature of business or profession, the particulars of such change :

No Change



11. (a) Whether books of account are prescribed under section 44AA, if yes, list of books so prescribed:

YES

(b) List of Books of account maintained and address at which books of accounts are kept.
(in case books of account are maintained in a computer system, mention the books of account generated by such computer system, If books of accounts are not kept at one location, Please furnish the addresses of locations along with the details of books accounts maintained at each location)

Cash Book, Bank book, Journal and Ledger

© List of books of account and nature of relevant documents examined.:

do

12. Whether the profit and losss account includes any profits and gains assessable on presumptive basis, if yes, indicate the amount and the relevant section (44AD, 44AE, 44AF,44B, 44BB 44BBA, 44BBB, Chapter XII-G, First Schedule or any other relevant section)

NIL

13. (a) Method of accounting employed in the previous year.

Mercantile

(b) Whether there had been any change in the method of accounting employed vis-à-vis the method employed in the immediately preceding previous year.

No Change

© If answer to (b) above is in the affirmative, give details of such change, and the effect thereof on the profit or loss.

N.A.

(d) Details of deviation if any in the method of Accounting employed in the previous year From accounting standards under section 145 And the effect there of on the profit or loss

No Deviation

14(a) Method of valuation of closing stock employed in the previous year.

N.A.

(b) Details of deviation, if any from the method of valuation prescribed under section 145A, and the effect there of on the profit or loss.

No Deviation



- 15. Give the following particulars of the capital assets converted into stock in trade: (a) Description of Capital Asset (b) Date of Acquisition (c) Cost of Acquisition (d) Amount at which asset is converted into stock in trade. N.A 16. Amounts not credited to the profit and loss account, being ,--(a) the items falling within the scope of section 28: NIL (b) the proforma credits ,drawbacks ,refunds of duty of customs or excise, or refunds of sales tax, where such credits, drawbacks or refunds are admitted as due by the authorities NIL concerned; © escalation claims accepted during the previous year; NIL (d) any other item of income; NIL (e) capital receipt, if any. NIL 17. Where any Land or building or both is transferred during the previous year for consideration less than value adopted or assessed or assessable by any authority of a State Government referred to in section 43CA or 50C, Please furnish: N.A
- 18. Particulars of depreciation allowable as per the income-tax Act,1961 in respect of each asset or block of assets ,as the case may be , in the following form:--
 - (a) Description of asset /block of assets.

STATEMENT ENCLOSED

(b) Rate of depreciation.

Annexure - I

- Actual cost or written down value ,as the case may be.
- (d) Additions/deduction during the year with dates; in the case of any addition of an asset,



date put to use; including adjustments on account of ---

- (i) Central Value Added Tax credit claimed and allowed under the central Excise Rules,1944, in respect of assets acquired on or after 1st March,1994,
- (ii) change in rate of exchange of currency, and
- (iii) subsidy or grant or reimbursement, by whatever name called.
- (e) Depreciation allowable.

Rs. 4,258/-

(f) written down value at the end of the year.

Rs. 6,386/-

- 19. Amounts admissible under sections 33AB, 33ABA, 33AC, 35, 35ABB, 35AC, 35 CCA, 35CCB, 35D, 35DD, 35DDA, 35E:--
- 20(a). Any sum paid to an employee as bonus or commission for services rendered, where such sum was otherwise payable to him as profits or dividend. (section 36(I)(ii))

N.A.

- (b) Details of Contributions received from employees for various funds as referred to in Section 36(1)(va)
- 21 (A). Please furnish the details of Amounts debited to the profit and loss account, being in the nature of capital ,personal, advertisement expenditure etc,

(a) expenditure of capital nature;

NIL

(b) expenditure of personal nature;

NIL

© expenditure on advertisement in any souvenir, brochure, tract, pamphlet or the like, published by a political party;

NIL

(d) expenditure incurred at clubs being entrance fee And subscriptions.

NIL

- (e) expenditure incurred at clubs being cost for club Services and facilities used
- (f) expenditure by way of penalty or fine for violation of any law for the time being in force;

NIL

FRN: (M. No.

(g) Expenditure by way of any other penalty or fine not covered above	NIL
(h) Expenditure incurred for any purpose which is an offence or which is prohibited by law;	NIL
(B) Amounts inadmissible under section 40(a);(i) As payment to Non-resident referred to in sub-clause (a) Details of payment on which tax is not deducted:	NIL (i)
(i) Date of Payment(ii) Amount of Payment(iii) Nature of payment(iv) Name & address of the payee	NIL
(b) Details of payment on which tax has been deducted but has not been paid during the previous year or in the subsequent year before the expiry of time prescribed under section 200(1)	
 (i) Date of Payment (ii) Amount of Payment (iii) Nature of payment (iv) Name & address of the payee 	NIL
 (v) Amount of Tax Deducted (ii) As payment referred to in sub-clause (ia) (a) Details of payment on which tax is not deducted: (i) Date of Payment (ii) Amount of Payment 	NIL
(iii) Nature of payment(iv) Name & address of the payee(b) Details of payment on which tax has been deducted but has not been paid on or before the due date specified in sub-section (1) of	NIL
section 139. (i) Date of Payment (ii) Amount of Payment (iii) Nature of payment (iv) Name & address of the payee (v) Amount of tax deducted	
 (vi) Amount out of (v) deposited, if any (III) Under sub-clause(ic) (IV) Under sub-clause (iia) (V) Under sub-clause(iib) (VI) Under sub-clause(iii) (i) Date of Payment (ii) Amount of Payment 	NIL NIL NIL NIL
(iii) Name & address of the payee	FRN: 0058885 M. No. 210611

ered Acc

NIL (VII) Under sub-clause(iv) NIL (VIII) Under sub-clause(v) (C) Amounts debited to profit and loss account being, interest, salary, bonus, commission or remuneration inadmissible under section **NIL** 40(b)/40(ba) and computation thereof; (D) Disallowance/deemed income under section 40A(3): (i) On the basis of the examination of books of accounts and other relevant documents/evidence, whether the expenditure covered under section 40A(3) read with rule 6DD were made by account payee cheque drawn on a bank or account payee bank draft. If not, Please furnish the details: NIL (ii) On the basis of the examination of books of account and other relevant documents/evidence, whether the payment referred to in section 40A(3A) read with rule 6DD were made by account payee cheque drawn on a bank or account payee bank draft. NIL If not Please furnish the details: (E) Provision for payment of gratuity not **NIL** allowable under section 40A(7); (F) Any sum paid by the assessee as an employer NIL not allowable under section 40A(9); (G) Particulars of any liability of a contingent **NIL** nature. (H) Amount of deduction inadmissible in terms of section 14A in respect of the expenditure incurred in relation to income which does not form part of NIL the total income; (I) Amount inadmissible under the proviso to sec.36(1)(iii) 22. Amount of interest inadmissible under Section 23 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 23. Particulars of payments made to persons **NIL** specified under section 40A(2)(b):



24. Amounts deemed to be profits and gains under section 33AC or 33AB or 33ABA or 33AC:

NIL

- 25. Any amount of profit chargeable to tax under section 41 and computation thereof:
- 26. In respect of any sum referred to in clause (a),(b), ©,(d),(e) or (f) of section 43B, the liability for which,
 - (A) Pre-existed on the first day of the previous year but was not allowed in the assessment of any preceding previous year and was

NIL

- (a) paid during the previous year;
- (b) not paid during the previous year;
- (B) Was incurred in the previous year and was
 - (a) paid on or before the due date for furnishing the return of income of the previous year under section 139(1);
 - (b) not paid on or before the aforesaid date.

*state whether sales tax ,good&service tax, customs duty , excise duty or any other indirect tax, levy, cess, impost .etc., is passed through the profit and loss account.

27. (a) Amount of Central Value Added Tax/ Input Tax Credit(ITC) availed of or utilized during the previous year and its treatment in the profit and loss account and treatment of outstanding Central Value Added Tax/Input Tax Credit(ITC) in Accounts.

NIL

(b) particulars of income or expenditure of prior period credited or debited to the profit and loss account.

NIL

28. Whether during the previous year the assessee has received any property, being share of a company not being a company in which the public are substantially interested without consideration or for inadequate consideration as referred to in section 56(2)(viia). If yes, please furnish the details of the same.

NIL

29. Whether during the previous year the assessee received any consideration for issue of shares



which exceed fair market value of the shares as referred to in section 56(2)(viib). If yes, please furnish the details of the same.	NIL
29 A(a). Whether any Amount included as Income chargeable under the head 'Income from other sources' as referred to in clause (ix) of sub section (2) of section 56 If yes please furnish the following Details (i). Nature of Income (ii).amount thereof	NO
29 B(a). Whether any amount included as income Chargeable under the Head 'Income from other Sources' as referred to in clause (x) of sub-section (2) of section 56 If yes please furnish the following Details	NO
30. Details of amount borrowed on hundi or	
any amount due thereon (including interest on the	
amount borrowed)repaid, otherwise than through an account payee cheque.(section 69D)	NIL
30 A(a). Whether primary adjustment to Transfer Price, as referred to in sub-section (1) of section 92CE, has been made during the previous year. If Yes please furnish the following Details	NO
30 B(a). Whether the assesse has incurred expenditure during the previous year by way of interest or of similar nature exceeding one crore rupees as referred to in sub-section (1) of section 94B If Yes, please furnish the following details:	NO
30 C(a) Whether the assessee has entered into an impermissible Avoidance arrangement, as referred to in section 96, during the previous year.(This clause is applicable from 1 st April,2019) If yes, please furnish the following details:	NO
31. (a)* particulars of each loan or deposit in an amount exceeding the limit specified in section 269SS taken or accepted during the previous year:	NIL
(I) Name ,address and permanent account	HAREUO

FRN: 005 888 * M. No. 210611

- number (if available with the assessee) of the lender or depositor;
- (ii) amount of loan or deposit taken or accepted;
- (iii) whether the loan or deposit was Squared up during the previous year;
- (iv) maximum amount outstanding in the account at any time during the previous year;
- (v) whether the loan or deposit was taken or accepted by a cheque or a bank draft or use of electronic clearing system through a bank account
- (vi) In case the loan or deposit was taken or accepted by cheque or a bank draft whether the same was taken are accepted by an account payee cheque or an account payee bank draft
- 31(b) Particulars of each specified sum in an amount exceeding the limit specified in sec 269SS taken or accepted during the previous year
 - (i) Name of the person from whom specified Sum is received
 - (ii) Address of the person from whom specified Sum is received
 - (iii) Permanent account number
 - (iv) Amount of specified sum taken or accepted
 - (v) Whether Specified sum was taken or accepted By cheque or bank draft or use of electronic clearing System through a bank account
- * Particulars at (a) & (b) need not be given in the case of a government company, a banking company or a corporation established by a Central ,State or provincial Act.)
- 31 b (a) Particulars of each receipt in an amount exceeding the limit specified in section 269ST, aggregate from a person in a day or in respect of a single transaction or in respect of transactions relating to one event or

NIL



occasion from a person, during the previous year,
Where such receipt is otherwise than by a cheque
Bank draft or use of electronic clearing system through a
Bank account

- (i) Name of the payer
- (ii) Address of the payer
- (iii) Permanent Account Number
- (iv) Nature of transaction
- (v)Amount of receipt
- (vi) Date of receipt
- 31 b(b) Particulars of each receipt in an amount exceeding the limit specified in section 269ST, aggregate from a person in a day or in respect of a single transaction or in respect of transactions relating to one event or occasion from a person, received by a cheque or a bank draft, not being an account payee cheque or an account payee bank draft, during the previous year
- (i) Name of the payer
- (ii) Address of the payer
- (iii) Permanent Account Number
- (iv)Amount of receipt
- 31 b (c) Particulars of each payment made in an amount exceeding the limit specified in section 269ST, in aggregate to a person in a day or in respect of a single transaction or in respect of transactions relating to one event or occasion to a person, otherwise than by a cheque or bank draft or use of electronic clearing system through a bank account during the previous year
 - (i) Name of the payee
- (ii) Address of the payee
- (iii) Permanent Account Number
- (iv) Nature of transaction
- (v)Amount of payment
- (vi) Date of payment
- 31b(d) Particluars of each payment in an amount exceeding the limit specified in section 269ST, in aggregate to a person in a day or in respect of a single transaction or in respect of transactions relating to one event or occasion to a person, made by cheque or bank draft, not being an account payee cheque or an account payee bank draft, during the previous year



(i) Name of the payee

(ii) Address of the payee

(iii) Permanent Account Number

(iv)Amount of payment

*Particulars at (ba),(bb),(bc) and(bd) need not be given In the case of receipt by or payment to a Government company, A banking company, a post office savings bank, a cooperative bank or in the case of transactions referred to in section 269SS or in the case of persons referred to in section Notification No. S.O.2065(E) dated 3rd July,2017

31.(C)Particulars of each repayment of loan or deposit
Or any specified advance in an amount exceeding
the limit specified in section 269T made during the
previous year:

(i) Name of the payee

(ii) Address of the payee

(iii) Permanent Account Number

(iv)Amount of repayment

31.(D)Particulars of repayment of loan or deposit or any Specified advance in an amount exceeding the limit Limit specified 269T received otherwise than by A cheque or bank draft or use of electronic clearing system Through a bank account during the previous year:

(i) Name of the payer

(ii) Address of the payer

(iii) Permanent Account Number

(iv)Amount of repayment of loan or deposit or any specified Advance received otherwise than by a cheque or bank Draft or use of electronic clearing system through a bank Account during the previous year.

31.(E) Particulars of repayment of loan or deposit or any Specified advance in an amount exceeding the limit Limit specified 269T received by a cheque or bank draft Which is not an account payee cheque or account payee Bank draft during the previous year:

(i) Name of the payer

(ii) Address of the payer

(iii) Permanent Account Number

(iv)Amount of repayment of loan or deposit or any specified Advance received otherwise than by a cheque or bank Draft or use of electronic clearing system through a bank Account during the previous year.

*Particulars at (c),(d) &(e) need not be given in the case of a



Repayment of any loan or deposit or specified advance taken Or accepted from government, government company, Banking company or a corporation established by a central, State or provincial act.

32(a). Details of brought forward loss or depreciation allowance, in the following manner to the extent available:

Sl. Assesment No Year	Nature of loss/ allowance	Amount as returned (in rupees)	Amount as assessed (give reference to relevant order) (in rupees)	Remarks
(b) Whether a ch	N I	I L	(m rupees)	

(b) Whether a change in shareholding of the company has taken place in the previous year due to which the losses incurred prior to the previous year cannot be allowed to be carried forward in terms of section-79."

NIL

(c) Whether the assessee has incurred any speculation loss referred to in section 73 during the previous year,

If yes, please furnish the details of the same.

NIL

(d) Whether the assessee has incurred any loss referred to in section 73A in respect of any specified business during the previous year, If yes please furnish details of the same.

NIL

(e)In case of company, please state that whether the company is deemed to be carrying on a speculation business as referred in explanation to section 73.

If yes, please furnish the details of speculation loss if any incurred during the previous year.

NIL

33. Section-wise details of deductions, if any, admissible under chapter VI-A, or Chapter III (Section 10A, Section 10AA)

NO

34. (a) Whether the assessee has complied with the provisions of Chapter XVII-B regarding deduction of tax at source and regarding the payment thereof to credit of



central government.[Yes/No] (b) Whether the assessee has furnished the statement of tax deducted or tax collected within preservined time.	N.A
within prescribed time. If not, Please furnish the details: Whether the assessee is liable to pay interest under section 201(1A) or section 206C(7)?	N.A
If yes, please furnish:	N.A
35. (a) In the case of trading concern, give quantitative details of principal items of goods traded:	
(I) Opening stock;(ii) Purchases during the previous year,(iii) Sales during the previous year,(iv) Closing stock;(v) shortage /excess, if any.	N.A.
(b) In the case of a manufacturing concern, give quantitative details of the principal items of raw materials, finished products and by-products:	N.A.
A. Raw materials; (i) Opening stock; (ii) Purchases during the previous year, (iii) consumption during the previous year; (iv) Sales during the previous year, (v) Closing stock; (vi) *yield of finished products; (vii) *percentage of yield; (viii) shortage /excess, if any.	
B. Finished products /By-products:	
(I) Opening stock;(ii) Purchases during the previous year,	N.A.
(iii) quantity manufactures during the previous year;(iv) Sales during the previous year ,(v) Closing stock ;(vi) shortage /excess, if any.	
66. In the case of a domestic company, details of tax on distributed profits under	N.A.

36.

section 115-o in the following form :--

- (a) total amount of distributed profits;
- (b) amount of reduction as referred to in section 115-o(1A)(i);
- © amount of reduction as referred to in section 115-o(1A)(ii)
- (d) Total tax paid thereon;
- (e) Dates of payment with amounts.
- 36 A(a). whether the assessee has received any amount In the nature of dividend has referred to in (e) Of clause (22) of section 2.

NO

- (b). If yes, Please furnish the following details.
 - (i) Amount received
 - (ii)Date of receipt
- 37. Whether any cost audit was carried out, If yes, give the details ,if any, of disqualification or disagreement on any matter/item/value/quantity as may be reported/identified by the cost auditor.

N.A

38. Whether any audit was conducted under the Central Excise Act, 1944, if yes, give the details, if any, of disqualification or disagreement on any matter/item/value/quantity as may be reported/identified by the auditor.

N.A

39. Whether any audit was conducted under section 72A of the Finance Act.1994 in relation to valuation of taxable services has may be reported or identified by the auditor?

if yes, give the details of any disqualification or disagreement on any matter/item/value/quantity as may be reported/identified by the auditor.

N.A

40. Details regarding turnover, Gross profit, etc., for the previous year and preceding previous year:

Sr.	Particulars	Drovious vess	D 1:
No.		Previous year	Preceding
1.	Total T. Cul		prev. year
500,000	Total Turnover of the assesse	1,94,72,073.00	1,08,14,641.00
2.	Gross profit/turnover		
3.	Net profit/turnover	17.23%	22.65%
4.	Stock in trade/turnover	17.2370	22.03%
5.	Material Consumed/finished goods produced.		
/T1 1			

(The details required to be furnished for principal items of goods traded or manufactured or services rendered)



- 41. Please furnish the details of demand raised or refund issued during the previous year under any tax laws other than Income tax Act, 1961 and Wealth tax Act, 1957 along with details of relevant proceedings.
- 42. (a) Whether the assesse is required to furnish statement in Form No.61 or Form No.61A or Form 61B?

NO

NO

- (b) If yes, please furnish:
- 43. (a) Whether the assessee or its parent entity or alternate reporting entity is liable to furnish the report as referred to in sub-section (2) of section 286?

(b) If yes, please furnish:

(c) If not due please enter Expected date of furnishing the report

date of

SI.	Total amount of Expenditure incurred during the year	expenditure of entities registered or not registered under the Expenditure in respect of entities registered under GST				Expenditure relating to entities not registered under GST
		Relating to goods or services exempt from GST	Relating to entities falling under composition scheme	Relating to other registered entities	Total payme registe entities	red
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)

NA

For Krishna Reddy & Co., Chartered Accountants. EDD

Place: Hyderabad Date: 01/08/2024

UDIN: 24210611BKGDOY3679

Address: 6-3-634, Green Channel,

Khairathabad, Hyderabad-4.

M. No. 210611

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024

1. Corporate Overview

APTLORE Technologies Private Limited ("the Company") was incorporated on 13 October 2015 as a private limited company. The Company is primarily engaged in the business of providing software consultancy services.

2. Significant accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared and presented under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis of accounting and comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 (the Act) read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014, other pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, the relevant provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and other accounting principles generally accepted in India (GAAP) to the extent applicable. The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees.

Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expense for the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Any revision to accounting estimates is recognised prospectively in current and future periods.

2.2 Current-non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- (d) it is cash or cash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria:

- (a) it is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle;
- (b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- (c) it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- (d) the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (continued)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Operating Cycle

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents.

2.3 Fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are carried at cost of acquisition less accumulated depreciation. The cost of fixed assets comprises the purchase price, taxes, duties, freight (net of rebates and discounts) and any other directly attributable costs of bringing the assets to their working condition for their intended use. Borrowing costs directly attributable to acquisition of those fixed assets which necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use are capitalised. Depreciation and amortization on fixed assets is provided using the written down value method over the useful lives of assets estimated by the management. The rates of depreciation and amortization prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 are considered as minimum rates. If the management's estimate of the useful life of a tangible fixed asset at the time of acquisition of the asset or of the remaining useful life on a subsequent review, is shorter than that envisaged in the aforesaid Schedule, depreciation is provided at a higher rate based on the management's estimate of the useful life/reaming useful life. Pursuant to this policy, depreciation on tangible fixed assets has been provided at the rates based on the following useful lives of fixed assets as estimated by management

	Years
Computer equipment Servers and Networks	3 6
Furniture and fixtures	10
Electrical fittings	10
Office equipment Office Building Motor Vehicles - 2 Wheelers Motor Vehicles - 4 Wheelers Plant & Machinery	5 30 10 8 15
riant & wathinery	7.2

Depreciation is calculated on a pro-rata basis from / up to the month the assets are purchased / sold. Individual assets costing less than Rs. 5,000 are depreciated in full in the year of purchase. Losses arising from retirement or gains or losses arising from disposal of fixed assets which are carried at cost are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Fixed Assets at Leased Premises is depreciated on straight-line basis over the period of the lease or over the useful life as prescribed by Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 whichever is lower.



Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (continued)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible assets that are acquired by the Company are measured initially at cost. After initial recognition, an intangible asset is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment loss.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits from the specific assets to which it relates.

Intangible assets are amortized in profit or loss over their estimated useful lives, from the date that they are available for use based on the expected pattern of consumption of economic benefits of the asset. Accordingly, at present, these are being amortised on straight line basis. In accordance with the applicable Accounting Standard, the Company follows a rebuttable presumption that the useful life of an intangible asset will not exceed ten years from the date when the asset is available for use. However, if there is persuasive evidence that the useful life of an intangible asset is longer than ten years, it is amortised over the best estimate of its useful life. The useful life of the intangibles (Computer software) has been estimated at 3 years.

Amortisation method and useful lives are reviewed at each reporting date. If the useful life of an asset is estimated to be significantly different from previous estimates, the amortisation period is changed accordingly. If there has been a significant change in the expected pattern of economic benefits from the asset, the amortisation method is changed to reflect the changed pattern. An intangible asset is derecognised on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use and disposal. Losses arising from retirement and gains or losses arising from disposal of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.4 Impairment of assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that any assets forming part of its cash generating units may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the Statement of profit and loss If at the balance sheet date, there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the reassessed recoverable amount subject to a maximum of depreciated historical cost.

2.5 Revenue recognition

Revenue from software development and Professional services is recognized when the amount of revenue and related cost can be reliably measured and it is probable that the collectability of the related receivables is reasonably assured

2.6 Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are recorded using the exchange rates prevailing on the dates of the respective transactions or average rate. Exchange differences arising on foreign currency transactions settled during the year are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies as at the balance sheet date are translated at the year-end rates. The resultant exchange differences are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.7 Income taxes



M. No.

Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (continued)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax.

Current tax

The current charge for income taxes is calculated in accordance with the relevant tax regulations applicable to the Company.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax charge or benefit reflects the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income, which originate during the year but reverse after the tax holiday period. The deferred tax charge or benefit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward of losses, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation of such assets. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date and writtendown or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonably / virtually certain to be realised. The break-up of the deferred tax assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date has been arrived

The break-up of the deferred tax assets and liabilities as at the balance sheet date has been arrived at after setting-off deferred tax assets and liabilities where the Company has a legally enforceable right and an intention to set-off assets against liabilities and where such assets and liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) Credit entitlement

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) credit entitlement represents amounts paid in a year under Section 115 JAA of the Income Tax Act 1961 ('IT Act'), in excess of the tax payable, computed on the basis of normal provisions of the IT Act. Such excess amount can be carried forward for set off against future tax payments for ten succeeding years in accordance with the relevant provisions of the IT Act. Since such credit represents a resource controlled by the Company as a result of past events and there is evidence as at the reporting date that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period, when such credit would be adjusted, the same has been disclosed as "MAT Credit Receivable", under "Long term loan and advances" in balance sheet with a corresponding credit to the Statement of Profit and Loss, as a separate line item. Such assets are reviewed as at each balance sheet date and written down to reflect the amount that will not be available as a credit to be set off in future, based on the applicable taxation law then in force.

2.8 Earnings per share

The basic earnings per share ('EPS') is computed by dividing the net profit after tax for the year attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year and dilutive common equivalent shares outstanding during the period, except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

2.9 Provisions

The Company recognizes a provision when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. Where there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.





Notes to financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2024 (continued)

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Onerous contracts

Provisions for onerous contracts i.e. contracts where the expected unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract exceed the economic benefits expected to be received under it, are recognised when it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle a present obligation as a result of a past event, based on a reliable estimate of such obligation.

Contingencies

Provision in respect of loss contingencies relating to claims, litigation, assessment, fines penalties, etc are recognized when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount can be estimated reliably.

2.10 Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

A contingent liability exists when there is a possible but not probable obligation, or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources, or a present obligation whose amount cannot be estimated reliably. Contingent liabilities do not warrant provisions, but are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements. However, contingent assets are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognized in the period in which the change occurs.

2.11 Leases

Assets taken on lease where the company acquires substantially the entire risks and rewards incidental to ownership are classified as finance leases. The amount recorded is the lesser of the present value of minimum lease rental and other incidental expenses during the lease term or the fair value of the assets taken on lease.

For operating leases, lease payments (excluding cost for services and maintenance) are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight line basis over the lease term. The lease term is the non- cancellable period for which the lessee has agreed to take on lease the asset together with any further periods for which the lessee has the option to continue the lease of the asset, with or without further payment, which option at the inception of the lease it is reasonably certain that the lessee will exercise.

2.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into cash with original maturities of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents consist principally of cash and deposits with banks.



